

CATCHING BARGAINS

Is not always so easy a matter as it is at the RACE CLOTHING MANUFACTURING CO'S.

Our friend above seems to have secured some, that is if the box is not empty.

Our Suits at \$10, \$15 and \$18 are always Bargains. You always gain by purchasing them, because one of our cardinal principles is to give full value for your money.

Fit, finish, fabric finest, prices popular. The durability of our goods is undisputed. You cannot do better elsewhere.

For the next 30 days we will make prices 25 PER CENT OFF on all Summer Clothing, for Cash only.

CALL AND SEE US.

RACE CLOTHING MFG CO.

129-135 North Water Street.

THE GREAT RACE MEETING.

AT DECATUR, ILLINOIS,

+AUGUST 29, 30, 31, SEPT. 1+

OVER 200 HORSES ENTERED IN RACES.

Splendid MUSIC EVERY DAY.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 29.

2 year old trotting stakes, 21 entries, \$300
1 year old trotting stakes, 21 entries, \$100
2 year old trotting stakes, 21 entries, \$100

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 30.

Yearling trotting stakes, 7 entries, \$200
2 year old trotting stakes, 11 entries, \$300
2 year old trotting stakes, 11 entries, \$100
2 year old trotting stakes, 21 entries, \$100

THURSDAY, AUGUST 31.

3 year old trotting stakes, 14 entries, \$400
Free for all pace, closes Aug. 21, \$500
2:30 trotting stakes, 26 entries, \$1000
2:30 class trotting, closes Aug. 21, \$1000

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1.

Free for all pace, 13 entries, \$400
Free for all trotting, closes Aug. 21, \$500
2:25 trotting stakes, 18 entries, \$1000

LADIES FREE on Tuesday—first day.

Our new mile track is now in fine condition and very fast time may be expected, as the new "Bike" Sulky now generally in use is a great assistance to race horses.

Excursion rates on all railroads.

Don't fail to see the greatest race meeting ever held here. EVERY DAY WILL BE THE BEST.

D. A. MAFFIT, President.

G. A. KELLER, Secretary.

July 27 with

Flour

Always the Most Reliable

If You Want Good Bread ALWAYS ASK YOUR DEALER FOR ONE OF THESE BRANDS OF FLOUR.

They are the best in the market. Every sack guaranteed. For sale by all grocers.

Roller Mills

White Bread

White Flour

J. B. BULLARD, FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

Has removed from Masonic Temple Block to new building, North Main street, where he is now conducting his business. He is a member of the Masonic Temple Block and is a member of the Masonic Temple Block.

CHICAGO ON FIRE!

Another Big Conflagration in the Windy City.

TWO HUNDRED BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

And Five Thousand Persons Rendered Homeless and Kioshing Hither and Thither—A Reminder of 1871.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—A fire which, in the extent of territory it covered, rivals Chicago's historic conflagration, began in that part of the city, known as South Chicago, about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The 50,000 people comprising the inhabitants of the town were precipitated into a panic second only in this city to that which characterized the conflagration of 1871. The loss is estimated at \$250,000, and nearly 700 people are rendered homeless.

The fire started in a three-story brick building at the corner of Ninety-first and Superior avenues, and within two hours had consumed thirty buildings and five blocks of the greatest industrial suburb of Chicago. Among the first buildings to fall was the First Methodist church at the corner of Ninety-first and Superior avenues, and the German Lutheran church on the opposite corner.

Hardly had these more pretentious structures been leveled to the ground than the fire was detected blazing in a dozen places further east. After superior avenues, the flames reached and crossed Ontario avenue, Buffalo avenue, Mackinac avenue and Green Bay avenue to the lake. The local fire department was powerless to check the progress of the fire, and when engines and fire trucks were sent from this city their efforts were directed to saving the immense lumber yards lying within a few blocks of the fire. The district between Superior avenue and the lake was filled with frame structures that burned rapidly as the strong wind carried clouds of smoke laden with sparks and embers in all directions.

The steeples of the two large churches had hardly toppled over before the whole area of five blocks was full of small fires. As the pine structures in which lived the working men employed in the lumber and mill industry, and in which the smaller merchants had placed their homes, were leveled in the roaring furnace, those whose homes had not yet fallen fled with their families and household chattels to the other portion of the city. Streets were blocked with wagons containing the effects of frightened and fleeing residents, and women and men, appealing by the calamity, fled in every direction.

Before the scores of engines had made the least appreciable effect upon the flames, the immense docks of the Sunday Creek Coal Co. at Harbor avenue and the river were burning. Over a hundred thousand tons of coal were stored in the immense bins belonging to this company which extended 500 feet along the river front.

At the same moment the A. R. Beck lumber yards on the dock front and almost as elaborate were found to be burning. When the fire began in the coal yards every engine that could be spared, and the powerful steamer Yosemite, as soon as it reached the harbor, was brought to fight the conflagration.

The house at Superior avenue and Ninety-first street, which the fire began, was owned by William Gillis and occupied by him as a residence. Those who saw the spread of the fire say that from the three-story frame structure it sprang to a cottage adjoining on the west. Brands falling upon a building at the corner of Buffalo avenue and Ninety-first street, one square further west soon started a blaze which spread north and south on Buffalo avenue. Continuing from the center of the fire, at Gillis' house, four two-story frame houses on the north side of Ninety-first street were soon enveloped in flames.

The flames sprang across Ninety-first street to the north side, where three frame structures quickly disappeared before the sweep of the flames. South on Superior avenue the two-story frame house of Squire Maynor caught fire from the current of hot air and sparks, and this structure added to the increasing volume of flame leaped across Superior avenue. The third class was a three-story tenement house was soon wrapped in the smoke that preceded what was now growing to be a tornado of fire.

A dozen houses in the vicinity of Superior avenue and Ninety-first street had now been swept away in the gust of the fire's whirlwind; the early flight of the people began to give way to the panic which in another hour precipitated a flying army toward the other portions of the city.

North of Ninety-first street on Superior avenue, the early stages of the fire burned five one and one-half story frame cottages belonging to John Mason.

Just east of Superior avenue, on the north side of Ninety-first street, was the residence of John Harrington, which soon melted away, and it was then that the fire jumped into the southeast corner of Superior avenue and Ninety-first street, and the German Lutheran church was marked by the long tongues of flame. There was no hope of saving the church, which, although of wood, was the worshiping place of many South Chicago people and a place of refuge for the homeless.

Following the German Lutheran church and the school attached to it, the Methodist church on the northeast corner of Superior and Forty-first street was now engulfed in a sea of flame by a stiff gale from the east, and afforded much headway by the lack of protective means the fire did disastrous work. Over 200 dwellings and business buildings were low, rendering 5,000 people homeless, aggregating the

total loss far into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. From a smoldering bonfire the blaze spread with such rapidity that families had barely time enough in some instances to escape with their lives. Cottages were swept away and their owners and occupants were not able even to save their household effects.

About 4 o'clock in the afternoon according to the statement made by those who claim to be in possession of the facts, two boys were playing in the yard back of William Gillis' house on the north side of Ninety-first, between Ontario and Superior avenues. They had been baking potatoes and tried of the sport, left the dying embers to resume their play in another part of the yard. They did not see that the live coals were blown in several directions by the wind that swept backward and no thought of danger entered their heads. A piece of blazing wood was blown near the high board fence bounding the yard on the west, and soon after striking the fence it jumped up in dangerous proximity to Mr. Gillis' barn. A section of the fence four feet long was burned away and the corner of the barn had been ignited. Rapidly the fire spread to one of the premises, the fire crept up into the loft, where were stored two tons of hay, and once having secured a start here there was little chance of stopping it. The fire spread to the south side of the barn, and the fire department, which was on the premises, was overpowered by the heat at Ninety-first and Superior avenues at 4 o'clock, and was taken to the hospital, where he was detained over night.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

(Extra Session.)

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—A rather amusing scene took place in the senate chamber today on the question as to whether Mr. Peffer (rep. Mo.) or Mr. Stewart (rep. Neb.) should have the privilege of addressing the senate. Mr. Peffer had given notice of his intention to speak yesterday, and both he and Stewart were crowded out by the question of Mr. Peffer's resolution on the national coinage. The Kansas senator claimed precedence and when the time came to give the notice, while the Nevada senator insisted that that notice had to do with the question of Mr. Peffer's resolution, he was quizzed by the chair he was entitled to the floor.

The vice-president took the view of the situation, and recognized Mr. Stewart's right. As the latter then offered to yield to Mr. Peffer, the vice-president treated it as an abandonment of the floor and immediately Mr. Peffer was sent from this city their efforts were directed to saving the immense lumber yards lying within a few blocks of the fire. The district between Superior avenue and the lake was filled with frame structures that burned rapidly as the strong wind carried clouds of smoke laden with sparks and embers in all directions.

The steeples of the two large churches had hardly toppled over before the whole area of five blocks was full of small fires. As the pine structures in which lived the working men employed in the lumber and mill industry, and in which the smaller merchants had placed their homes, were leveled in the roaring furnace, those whose homes had not yet fallen fled with their families and household chattels to the other portion of the city. Streets were blocked with wagons containing the effects of frightened and fleeing residents, and women and men, appealing by the calamity, fled in every direction.

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WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—The Augusta Victoria, which sails to-day from Southampton for New York, will take \$20,000 of gold, consigned to American houses.

BENEATH THE WAVES

Two Fishing Schooners Go Down Off the Jersey Coast

TAKING EVERY SOUL TO THE BOTTOM.

They Were Owned by Their Respective Captains and Had Been on Their Fishing Trip but One Week

—A Narrow Escape.

New York, Aug. 25.—The fishing schooner Empire State, with a crew of ten men, and the Ella M. Johnson, with a crew of eight men, went down Wednesday night off the Jersey coast and all on board were lost. These two vessels were in company with the Chocoma last Wednesday at midnight, when the storm struck and they were beating around all night in some of the worst weather ever known off the coast, and with a loss of her captain and first mate, the Chocoma tied up at 4:30 to-day the only survivor of the three.

The storm struck the vessels about midnight and at 10 o'clock the Johnson disappeared. About 10:30, as near as can be ascertained, the Empire State was swept overboard by a gigantic wave. The lights of the Empire State disappeared immediately afterwards and at daylight her masts were seen projecting out of the water about three feet.

The crew of the Chocoma say that no small boat could possibly live in the sea at that time, and that the time, and the dories on board could have been of no possible use to the crews of the two vessels.

The captain of the Johnson was John Conner and of the Empire State Charles Bixson.

All of the boats were from New London and were owned by their respective captains. The waves wrought havoc with the boats, and the crews were overtaken by the calamity, and were to have been out for two weeks longer. The news of the accident was brought to the city by the Chocoma, which is tied up at present at the foot of Fulton street, East river. Sailor Kelly, who is in charge of the Chocoma, thinks they were lucky to come out alive.

WINDS AND WAVES.

Asbury Park, N. J., Sunday from Their Doubtful Future.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 25.—The storm along the Atlantic coast was the most terrible that has ever been experienced. The waves wrought havoc with the boats, and the crews were overtaken by the calamity, and were to have been out for two weeks longer. The news of the accident was brought to the city by the Chocoma, which is tied up at present at the foot of Fulton street, East river. Sailor Kelly, who is in charge of the Chocoma, thinks they were lucky to come out alive.

The Mary E. Kelly, a two-masted fishing schooner from New York, was wrecked at Asbury Park yesterday morning, and four men were drowned. Those who perished were the captain, Christopher Bratton, of Brooklyn; First Mate Charles Brown, of Green Point, L. I.; the steward, known as Siller, and a Norwegian fisherman, Harry Brodbeck. The crew was composed of eleven men, and seven men were saved.

The boat ran ashore at the foot of Seventh avenue, and although within twenty feet of the beach the waves were high, and it was impossible for them to reach the shore. The waves knocked the boat on its beam end and the men clung to the rigging and bulwarks.

The captain tried to make his way from one place of safety to another when he was struck in the head with a log and washed overboard. Two of the other men were unable to keep their hold on the ropes and were washed into the sea. The steward was drowned in his gallery and his body was recovered about 8 o'clock of the morning.

The president's morning, when the tide had receded sufficiently to allow people to board the boat. The first men taken from the boat were rescued by three guests and the proprietor of the Columbia hotel, who were on the beach in the storm. The loss to Founder Bradley will probably amount to \$30,000, and the loss to the Ocean Grove association will be as great as that.

BASEBALL.

National League and American Association Clubs.

The following games were played yesterday:

AT BALTIMORE.

Baltimore . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 5-6

St. Louis . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-1

Batteries—Cassidy and Robinson, Breitenstein and Pettit.

AT BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 5-18

St. Louis . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-7

Batteries—Stein and Duffy, Gumbert, Earl and Mack.

AT NEW YORK.

Chicago . . . 2 0 1 1 0 1 12-10

New York . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 2-4

Batteries—Glavin and Kirtledge and Lange, Pettit and Milligan.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 2-7

Cincinnati . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-5

Batteries—Carson and Clements, Cuddy and Gannon.

AT WASHINGTON.

Washington . . . 1 0 2 0 0 1 0-10

Baltimore . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-7

Batteries—Maid and McGuire, Hemming and Griffin.

AT BOSTON.

Cincinnati . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-3

Boston . . . 0 1 0 0 0 0 0-1

Batteries—Dwyer and Vaughn, Nichols and Bennett.

Games Scheduled for To-Day.

Chicago at Brooklyn.

Cincinnati at Boston.

Philadelphia at St. Louis.

Washington at Baltimore.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—Two new cases of cholera have been reported in Rotterdam.

—The Bank of England has raised the rate of discount to 5 per cent.

—There have been no cases of cholera reported in the district of Kansas.

—The treasury department purchased yesterday 450,000 ounces of silver at their counter offer of \$0.1255 per ounce.

—S. P. Harris, the second victim of yellow fever at Brunswick, Ga., died Wednesday night. No new cases are reported.

—Yesterday, Illinois day as the World's fair, witnessed the largest gathering of people in the exposition grounds since July 1.

—The Western Paper Manufacturing Co.'s plant at 115-217 Walnut street, St. Louis, burned yesterday. Loss, \$100,000. Insurance, \$60,000.

—His royal highness Prince Yoshiko, son of the reigning mikado of Japan and second from the throne, arrived at Wainipon, N. A., yesterday night from Vancouver.

—The directors of the First national bank at Dayton, Tenn., have decided to suspend payment of deposits for sixty days, and a circular to that effect has been mailed to depositors.

—The proceedings in both houses of congress which have been accumulating in interest all the week will reach a climax to-morrow when the senate will vote on the bill to close the silver debate.

—The sheriff has taken possession of the property of the Standard Baking Co. and of the Standard Baking Co., on an execution for \$10,000, issued by W. E. Harris and James L. Peck.

—Fire in the village of Merced Falls, Cal., yesterday, destroyed the Merced woolen mill, a four-story building and a large warehouse containing woolen goods. The loss is estimated at \$200,000 and the insurance at \$100,000.

—Attorney General Mart has directed the Riverside Banking Co. of Riverside, Cal., which suspended several months ago, to reopen its doors, as he feels the bank's available assets largely in excess of its liabilities.

—W. L. Webster, attorney for the W. O. P. U., has received an anonymous letter, signed "The Business Men of Fort Scott," Kan., threatening to tar and feather him if he does not desert from prosecution of liquor sellers.

—W. P. Parker, who was under arrest in San Francisco for embezzlement in Chicago, shot himself Wednesday when he learned that the trustees of the W. O. P. U. had decided to remove him from the way for his removal to the east. His wife was with him at the time.

—A cyclone storm struck New York city and vicinity Wednesday night before midnight. The wind blew a gale and the rain fell in torrents. No serious accidents are reported. The damage appears to have been confined to plate glass windows, lawns, fences and chimney tops.

—A mob of 500 men surrounded the lumber mill of H. M. Lord & Son's Lumber Co. at Decatur, Mich., yesterday and forced the employees, who were working at a reduction, to quit work. The mob then marched to the company's cedar yard and stopped operations there.

—Serious trouble developed yesterday at Broadway market, East Buffalo, N. Y., due to the bold robbery of provision stands by unknown persons. Large numbers of whom are out of work, and having exhausted the resources of the poorhouse have resorted to robbery to supply their wants.

—Chairman Wilson has appointed Henry Talbot, of Illinois, clerk of the committee on ways and means. He served in the senate as clerk of the committee on finance, and as chairman of the committee on finance.

—Attorney General Little of Kansas yesterday ordered the republican sheriff and the populist county attorney of Bourbon county to shut up the "joint" of Fort Scott without further parading before the officers, pending the case of the attorney-general's complaint, which is now in the hands of the grand jury.

WILL MAKE A TEST CASE

Of a Soldier's Right to Locate Land in the Strip in the Ural Valley.

ANKARAS CITY, Kan., Aug. 25.—There is a movement here among old soldiers to make a test case of their right to declare their intention of settling on any specified quarter section in the strip and taking advantage of sections 3304 and 3305, Revised Statutes of the United States, and the Oklahoma law to protect them.

The statutes say that a soldier may locate his homestead and have six months to file his declaratory statement, make his entry and commence improvements.

The Oklahoma law which applies in the case declares that his rights shall not be abridged by any other law or proclamation. If this holds then the old soldiers may go to the land office as soon as they have made their declaration or may do so by mail and without making the run, contest the rights of any settler who may settle on the quarter he had previously picked out.

Major O. M. Wilson, a prominent farmer and some of his old soldier friends are going to test it and other Grand Army men will be urged to do the same. This will cause a great many contests and result in much litigation.

The Hughes Court-Martial.

TORONTO, Kan., Aug. 25.—All of the evidence in the Hughes court-martial was completed yesterday. To-day will be devoted to argument, and it is expected that a verdict will be rendered on Saturday.

Secretary of State Osborne was on the stand yesterday, and testified that it was the intention of the populists to allow none of the officers of the Douglas army to enter the hall on the morning of February 15, when they broke open the doors with a sledgehammer. All the state officers, including Gov. Leavelle, left the night before and ordered Adj. Gen. Arthur Watson a sufficient posse to prevent the invasion of what Secretary Osborne called a republican mob. Joseph Harris, who was in charge of the door leading to the governor's office during the war, said that a number of parties came there and tried to gain admission, declaring they would kill the governor if they got a rap at him.

A Victory for Capt. Jackson.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 25.—Capt. G. W. Jackson, leader of the republican militia company, the Garfield Rifles, has scored a victory over the populist administration. Some weeks ago Adj. Gen. Arts ordered Jackson to shut his arms to the state arsenal. This the captain refused to do, and a long wrangle ensued which finally ended last week in the guns being turned over to Jackson's command. Jackson's company was called at the arsenal and found the company going through their weekly drill with an entirely new set of arms. These formerly belonged to the members of a disbanded militia company and were bought up and given to Jackson by a number of republicans.

One word describes it—"perfection."

We refer to DeWitt's White Seal Cream, which cleanses, soothes, burns, and cures, and is a well known one for piles.

W. F. Nelsie.

The elevation of Lord Drumharg to the peerage as Lord Kilbride raises him in rank above his father, Queen's clerk, who, being the only Scotch noble without a seat in the House of Lords, may regard this as a bit below the belt, as the Queen's clerk would not be a peer.

We could not improve the quality if we doubled the price. DeWitt's White Seal Cream is the best cream that experience can produce, or that money can buy.

THE WAR IN KANSAS

After a Day of Quiet and Apparent Peace

BREAKS OUT WITH RENEWED RANCOR

A Mob of Strikers Attack a Party of Negro Miners Who Venture Outside the Stockade, and are Quickly Repulsed.

PITTSBURGH, Kan., Aug. 25.—The apparent peace of yesterday in this district, culminated last night in the shooting of Tom Balson, one of the strikers at Litchfield, by the colored miners working at mine No. 37 of the Kansas & Texas Coal Co.

After the mines closed for the night, a party of about twenty of the negroes left the stockade and went to Litchfield to do some trading in the company's store.

At 8 o'clock, when the store closed, they left, and were met on the outside by a line of strikers, who informed them that they were not to be permitted to return to the stockade. The negroes were all well armed. The strikers began to throw missiles and fire shots at Litchfield, by the colored miners working at mine No. 37 of the Kansas & Texas Coal Co.

At the first discharge by the negroes the crowd scattered, and the negroes returned to the stockade unmolested. Immediately afterwards the strikers rallied, and messengers were sent throughout the district to gather recruits. The expressed intention is to make an assault upon the stockade. Word was also sent to company operators at Pittsburg, who soon collected a posse of armed men and promptly proceeded to the stockade to protect it from assault. A battle is imminent.

Coal Mining Resumed at Pittsburg.

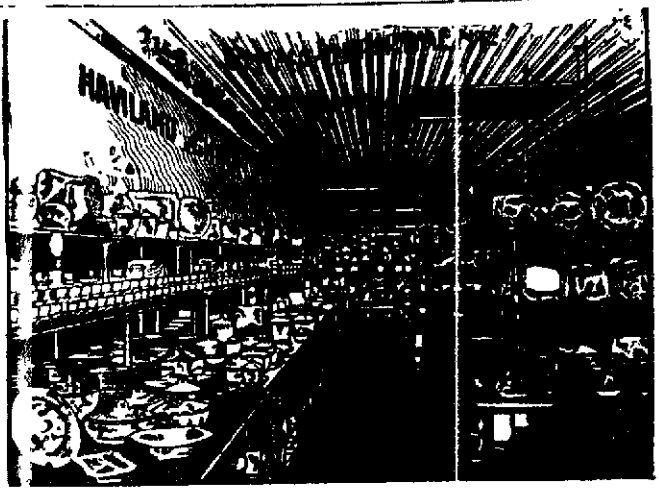
PITTSBURGH, Kan., Aug. 25.—About 500 miners are at work at Frontenac to-day, and the hoisting of coal is going on as of old. What is known as the miners' train on the Santa Fe here made its first trip since May 15, with about fifty miners. The contract and the rules as agreed to by the union are considered better than those rejected a few days ago; but it is the general opinion here that President Walters wanted a loophole to escape, and was in favor of anything that would let him out gracefully. The first one submitted. The light will continue upon all the companies

YOUR CHOICE FOR

\$1.25 EACH.

CHEAP CHARLEY

FINE CHINA



We are offering now some of the **HANDSOMEST LINES OF DINNER WARES** ever received in Decatur at prices that cannot be equaled elsewhere.

A visit to our China Department will repay you.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China

+SHOES+ FOR ONE DOLLAR

We have a big lot of Ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes which have retailed regularly at \$2 and \$2.75, and they were worth the money for they are all solid. The sizes run from 2 1/2 to 7. They are mostly small sizes and therefore most of them suited to the ladies of Decatur. We will sell these shoes absolutely without any reserve until five hundred pairs are sold at the uniform price of **ONE DOLLAR PER PAIR**. Come while you can get them. In stringent times make your money buy more. Here is an opportunity in Ladies' Shoes such as you never before heard of. Come and see them and we know that you will buy.

+FRANK H. COLE,+

B. F. BOBO, Manager,

140 EAST MAIN STREET.

SLEEPING ON AIR

Is Certainly a **LUXURY** This Hot Weather.

The **AIR MATTRESS** is the greatest invention of the modern age in the way of bedding. The Finest Bed in the World—Positively the Coolest Bed in Summer and the Warmest in Winter.

In case of sickness it is invaluable, as it affords absolute rest, no matter what position assumed by the patient.

EVERY HOME SHOULD HAVE ONE.
CALL AND SEE THEM.

BACHMAN BROS. & MARTIN CO.,

240-248 East Main St.

DAILY REPUBLICAN.

KEEP OFF CHOLERA

By Cleaning up
And Using
Disinfectants.

We Keep the Best to be Had.

KING & WOOD, Druggists.

FRIDAY EVE, AUG. 25, 1906.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

Make Your Money Go Far.
We have 10, 15 and 20 cent; wood-
en chopps 3 bowls, 10, 20 and 25 cents;
which brooms, 10, 15 and 20 cents; toy
brooms, 10 cents; regular brooms, 10, 15,
25, 30, 35 and 40 cents, at
E. D. BARTHOLOMEW'S.

Dress & Bonnet Sales.
HUFFMAN'S Carriage wear for a good
reason. a31-1f

ISWEN'S RAPID RELIEF cures all sores
and pains.

OPHTHALMIA, New York County, at Krebs,
aug24-dit

Smokes the old reliable K. & W. cigars,
aug24-dit

QUAKER DOCTORS' remedies at Daw-
son's pharmacy.

Urgent or lower set of teeth, \$3.00. J.
M. Blythe, 167 E. Main street.

You are invited to call and inspect our
fall line of clothing. CHAS. CHARLEY.

WALL PAPER and window shades at
Conklin & Housman's, in Library Block.

Boom Decatur
by using

White Leaf Flour.
You can get the Little Rose and Bon-
quet cigars—anywhere in the city. Try
them.

CALL and see our line of new ideas; new
styles in fall clothing. Geo. W. Jones
& Co., clothiers.

Is you want first-class Oil and Gas
line, buy of the Paragon Oil Company,
Telephone 417.

ALL kinds of dental work done at rea-
sonable prices at Smith's dental parlors,
over postoffice.

One of the finest new fall line of
clothing in the city at Geo. W. Jones
& Co's.

We guarantee Monarch mixed paints
equal to any paint in the city. At Daw-
son's, successors to Swearingen.

Prompt attention paid to all orders for
family groceries left at the Towne &
Murrey store, 143 South Water street.

The funeral of the infant son of Leon-
ard Pasell took place to-day from the
residence. The burial was at Greenwood.

JOHN YOUNG, at the REPUBLICAN office,
is the Decatur agent for the Remington
typewriter. Call for catalogues and
prices.

WHITE

LOAF

FLOUR

The Best.

Our complete line of Fall and Winter
Clothing is now on our counters ready
for our trade. Call and see it.

CHEAP CHARLEY.

SHERIFF PEARL is trying to discover the
whereabouts of a dapple gray farm horse,
5 years old, stolen Wednesday night
from Frank Buckingham, near Oakley.

FALL and winter goods are arriving.
One of the finest lines ever before placed
on the market. Geo. W. Jones & Co.,
clothing.

BOB WILKINSON was fined \$3 and costs
yesterday by Justice Peddicord for
carrying a concealed weapon, and he was
placed under \$100 bonds for making a
decent assault.

We have just received 500 more of the
World's Fair name which we have away
free. Those who were unable to get one
the last two days can now be accommodated
with pleasure.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.
At the Union depot yesterday after-
noon Isaac Woodley attempted to start
for Mt. Vernon with his wife, without first
paying a \$12 board bill due John Luman.

Constance Miller had a lively time with
Isaac, until a brother of the debtor
stepped up and settled the claim.
Woodley became very angry and made a
scene on the platform.

A Decatur city official laughs at the
suggestion that the city should under-
take street improvements this fall to
give employment to idlers. He wants
to know where the city is going to get its
money to pay for the improvements. He
wants to know where the city can find a
market for its improvement bonds or any
other bonds, and where the city can find a
contractor who can get the money to prosecute the
work. In many other cities throughout
the country public improvements have
been suspended because the cities can't
get any money and the contractors are in
the same fix.

Decatur Day at the Races.
Friday, Sept. 1, will be Decatur day at
the race track. There will be a Decatur
horse in every race, and the great Wheel-
man's tournament is existing so much
interest in that day that a great many
have spoken to us about a uniform cloth-
ing of business houses at noon on that
day, in order that clerks and the people
generally may sit down to the country
public improvements have been sus-
pended because the cities can't get any
money and the contractors are in the same
fix.

Large Return for Small Investment
Foster boxes, 2 cents; nutmeg grater,
center, heating spoon, 4 and 5 cents;
mixing knives, 5 to 25 cents each, at
Bartholomew's great clearing sale.

15 OFF.
on all Summer Shoes at Powers' Shoe
Store for balance of August.
Aug. 16-dawit

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

Sabbath School Workers in Session
at Orea—The Proceedings.

The 26th annual convention of Macon
county Sunday schools opened very favor-
ably Thursday morning at 10 o'clock in the
Baptist church at Orea.

The session began by singing "Telling
On," a large choir singing under the
direction of J. H. Sleeter of Boody. The
organists of the convention are Misses
Nova Anderson, Marna Strope, Clara Tur-
pin and Cora Bullock.

Prayer was offered by W. B. Randle
of Clinton.

President Gorin read a part of the 14th
chapter of Luke as a scripture lesson.

Singing by the convention was fol-
lowed by prayer by Rev. W. H. Hiley
of Macon.

The first topic on the program, "A
Great Sinner," was opened by E. H.
Jeffers of Decatur, in a short but good
speech. Mrs. J. E. King of Decatur
followed with some pointed remarks
about her experience. Rev. Hiley also
spoke a few moments.

After singing "Stand Up for Jesus,"
the second topic, "And Bids Many," was
opened by W. B. Randle of Clinton, pre-
sident of the 12th district. His theme
was the preparation for the bidding. No
one can teach without study. He was
anxious that the Sunday school workers
should make deep preparation for bring-
ing the children into the fold.

The convention then sang "Send the
Light."

On the second topic, Mrs. A. W. Con-
klin, J. H. Sleeter, the secretary of the
convention, S. S. Hopkins, W. H. Hiley,
Mrs. E. J. Strader and J. E. Braden
made remarks.

After singing, "Tell It Out," discus-
sion was resumed by J. E. Hopkins, of
Elwin.

At the close of the discussion the con-
vention sang, "Glorious to Him Name."

The first session then closed with the
benediction by Rev. W. H. Hiley.

Declarator people at the opening were
E. H. Jeffers, W. A. Holman, Mrs. A. W.
Conklin, Mrs. J. E. King, Mrs. J. M.
Gray, Mrs. E. J. Strader, Miss Anna
Henkle, Miss Elsie Ottholter, Miss Ger-
trude Wayne, Mrs. George Starn, Mr. and
Mrs. Johnson and Frank Johnson.

There were 150 people at the opening
of the convention.

The people of Orea are taking care
of the delegates in fine shape.
Blue Mound, Friends Creek, Wheat-
land, Mt. Zion, Hickory, Oakley and
Nashville townships are represented so far.

Bro. Gorin and myself are domiciled
with E. B. Kohne and family.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
At 2 o'clock devotional exercises for
fifteen minutes were conducted by the
secretary of the convention.

Opened with prayer by S. S. Hopkins.
Before proceeding with the business of
the convention the president named the
following committees:

On Resolutions—Rev. W. H. Hiley, E.
H. Jeffers, A. F. Hopkins.
On Nominations—H. O. Bower, C. T.
Wells, S. S. Hopkins.

On Place of Next Convention—W. A.
Holman, J. H. Sleeter, J. E. Braden.

In the absence of Rev. D. O. Gilin,
W. B. Randle opened the first topic of
the session, "And sent his servant at
supper time to say to them that were
bidden, come." He made a good ad-
dress, and was followed by Mrs. J. M.
Gray.

After singing "We Are Coming," T. H.
Barr, of Macon, opened discussion on
the subject, "For all things are now
ready." For an impromptu speech Mr.
Barr made an excellent one. He spoke
of the preparation that had been going
on for the last 6000 years of the con-
vention in this state and the county of
Macon in the Sunday School work.

Also of the great privilege of
bearing a part in the great work. Mrs.
Milton Johnson offered some remarks
on the subject; also W. B. Randle and
E. H. Jeffers.

Mrs. A. W. Conklin, of Decatur, here
favored the convention with a solo,
"Thy Word, O Lord, Was Sweet." Miss
Anna Henkle was organist. The audi-
ence joined in the chorus.

After another song Mrs. J. M. Gray
read a very excellent paper on the sub-
ject, "And they all with one consent be-
gan to make music."

The convention sang "Standing Tide,"
after which C. T. Wells, of Elwin, opened
discussion on the first excuse "I have
bought a piece of ground and must needs
go and see it." James Campbell followed
with some excellent remarks.

After another song "Why stand ye
here idle?" Rev. W. H. Hiley opened dis-
cussion of the second excuse "I have
bought five yoke of oxen; I go to plow
them." In his remarks he said that
when a man was called to the farm, or to
merchandise, he believed he was called to
the ministry. But when a man gives him-
self up absolutely to one thing in life it
is a detriment to him. He said we talk
to much about Sunday school "children,"
and not enough about Sunday school
"scholars." It is important that the
child should attend the Sunday school,
it is necessary for the parent to attend.

Mr. Hiley included the next topic in his
remarks; "I have married a wife, and
therefore I cannot come." The same
rule applies to all of the excuses—it is
a lack of interest in spiritual things, and
lack in temporal things.

Rev. W. L. Bankson having entered
the convention, occupied the time as-
signed to him on the second excuse; "I
have bought five yoke of oxen; I go to
plow them."

He said that men were always the same
in all ages; they have thought a good
deal of cattle and lands, and they
thought something of their wives, too.
He thought five yoke of oxen a very
small thing to turn a man away from the
blessings of salvation. He said: "Seek
ye first the kingdom of God and his
righteousness, and all these things shall
be added unto you." The widow who
threw her mite into the treasury did
more than the rich who gave of their
abundance and had an abundance left.
He made a good speech.

The convention joined in singing "Up
and Away" and "The Christian Battle
Ory," and the afternoon session closed
with the benediction by Rev. W. F. Gil-
son of Macon.

DEVOTIONAL EXERCISES.
At 7 p. m. devotional exercises were
conducted for thirty minutes by Rev. M.
Auer.

At 7:30 Rev. W. F. Gilson began an
exposition of the Sunday lesson for Au-
gust 27—Acts 26: 19-23. The first
thought he would emphasize would be
obedience; the second, repentance—ab-
solute of sin. A man's life will evince
a true repentance. The Jews hated Paul
for preaching repentance to the Gentiles.

Third, Paul recognized the providence of
God—through His providence he was de-
livered at the time. Fourth, the suffer-
ing and the resurrection of Christ. Un-
less there is something in the Christian
differing from the natural man, he is not
a Christian. Mr. Gilson compared thirty
minutes very profitably to the conven-
tion.

A quartette then favored the conven-
tion with a song, well executed.

Rev. Hiley then gave an outline of the
S. S. lesson as he would teach it:

1. Paul's summary of his own work.
2. Its effect upon Festus.
3. An appeal to Agrippa.
4. Effect upon Agrippa.
5. Rejection by Agrippa.
6. Contrast between the effects of the
appeal on Festus and Agrippa.

The church edifice was crowded at the
evening session.

The session closed with singing by the
quartette, "Great Is the Lord," and
benediction by Rev. W. L. Bankson.

Friday promises to be the big day of
the convention, and the church will be
taxed to its capacity to hold the people.
Geo. T. TUCKER, Co. Sec'y.

AN AFFLICTED VETERAN.

Colonel Heilmann Prostrated by a
Fit on South Water Street.

This forenoon a venerable stranger in
the city fell in a fit on the pavement
in front of Albert Barnes' office on South
Water street, and E. G. Allen and Frank
Taylor carried him into the office. Drs.
Allen and Tobey were summoned, and
found that the old man was suffering
from an attack of paralysis. The physi-
cians, Mr. Barnes and others gave the
old man every necessary attention, but
his recovery was slow and uncertain. At
this writing he is regarded as being in a
critical condition.

The stranger, as shown by papers on
his person, is Colonel Robert Heilmann,
who commanded the 25th Pennsylvania
Volunteers in the late war. He is 72
years of age. One paper is a testimonial
from the Young Men's Christian Associa-
tion of Lancaster, Pa., in which it is
stated that the colonel at one time was
worth \$60,000, but that he lost it all, be-
sides losing his wife and children by
death. It is stated in the same paper
that the colonel is on his way to Evans-
ville, Ind., to visit relatives. The state-
ment is made that the colonel had ap-
plied for a pension, but that it had not
been granted. Another paper shows
that Heilmann was in the town of Mc-
Lean, Ill., a few days ago, where he had
a similar attack of paralysis. The post
at McLean had sent the old gentleman to
Springfield, Ill., and the order there
had probably sent him to Decatur on his
way to Evansville.

This afternoon the Danham Post G.
A. R. relief committee gave orders to
have the afflicted man taken to St.
Mary's Hospital and he was removed to
that place in the Reeve & Co. ambulance.
Mr. Heilmann, who is a Methodist, when
he revived sufficiently to speak, asked
that a messenger be sent for a Methodist
minister, and James Vaele who happened
to be present made an effort at once to
find Dr. H. L. Ousel. The endeavor also
asked for the secretary of the Y. M. C.
A., but he could not be found.

The members of the Grand Army Post
will look after the wants of the colonel.
He will probably recover in a day or two
and will then be sent on to Evansville.

AGAINST THE CITY.
Decision of Justice Shorb in the
Slaughter House Case.

Justice Shorb was patient and atten-
tive yesterday in listening to all that
was said in the case of The City of Decatur
vs. J. G. Danzieson & Sons, the butchers
arrested on complaint of Peter Huffman
for maintaining an alleged nuisance and
unwholesome slaughter house west of
the city, within the city limits. Shorb
decided the case on a change of venue from
Olor's court, that justice holding the
ordinance good. The same points
threw over before Olor in the fore-
noon were gone over again in the after-
noon before Shorb. It was contended
by I. R. Mills and I. A. Buckingham
who represented the butchers that the
ordinance was too severe in punishment
for violation, the ordinance providing
that on conviction the fine for each
day such slaughter house is main-
tained shall be not less than \$100, nor
more than \$200. The point was made
that such regulation is practically pre-
scriptive and unreasonable. City At-
torney Lee, Hugh Orr and W. O. Johns,
for the prosecution, insisted that the
city by ordinance had a right to regu-
late a nuisance and that the ordinance
was in no sense unreasonable. The de-
fense insisted that land or lot specu-
lators were being the prosecution, and
that in reality the litigation in respec-
tion against a legitimate line of business.
Justice Shorb was not ready last evening
at the adjournment of court to give his
decision, but he did it this forenoon by
quashing the writ, stating that the fine
of \$100 a day was too steep against what
might be described as a "necessary nu-
sance." That ended the case, and now
there will be no prosecution of any of
the butchers. The slaughter houses
will be left but unharmed. It is likely the city
council will see fit to pass another or-
dinance, reducing the penalty to \$5 or \$10
a day against parties responsible for a
nuisance of any kind, and to remain on
their premises.

Annual Report of B. of L. F.
The annual session of the grand lodge
of the B. of L. F., which has been in
session at Terre Haute, Ind., this week,
did a large amount of business. The
organization is shown to be in a prosper-
ous condition by the report of the treas-
urer. The grand lodge trustees, Messrs.
W. F. Hayes, C. W. Main and Alexander
H. Sutton, audited carefully the books
showed the grand lodge in condition to
be as follows: Total receipts for the
year ending July 31, 1905, \$624,678.25;
total disbursements \$668,120.45, each or
hand \$65,557.80. The balance forward
which is in the hands of H.
Hulman & Co., and in McKee's bank.
Protection fund on hand \$52,000. This
fund is in bonds bearing four and five
per cent. interest. This increase re-
sults over the past year \$115,000, in-
crease of disbursements \$110,000, leaving
a net gain of \$15,000. The brotherhood
owns office fixtures and furniture to the
amount of \$10,000.—The net increase of
membership over losses last month ag-
gregate 400. This organization is con-
servative and reasonable in all its busi-
ness, and has won the respect of every
body. It has demonstrated that each
branch of labor, under sensible leaders,
may unite with profit to themselves and
at the same time make itself powerful
without a resort to those things which
lead up to the violation of the laws en-
acted to protect property and society.
The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen
is a model organization.

Hurt in a Runaway.
David Albert, driver for A. J. Wood,
was shaken up severely in a runaway
accident on West Main street. The rig
collided with a pole and David was
thrown out. Dr. E. W. Moore attended
him, and he was sent to his home on
Cassell Hill. He will be around again
in a few days.

Are You Wanting for a Brush?
Sorb brushes, 5, 10, 15 and 20 cents;
bleaching brushes, 15c that sell every-
where for 25c, at E. D. Bartholomew's.

Two new style Outway Frock Suits,
black skirts, are beautiful. Ask to be
shown them at Cheap Charley's.

Test fall term of the Decatur Business
College will begin Tuesday, Sept. 6th.

PERSONAL MENTION.
A. H. Sutton has returned from Terre
Haute.

Frank Jack departed last night for
Chicago.

Miss Josephine Laux has returned
from Chicago.

Rev. J. A. F. King returned to-day
from Memphis.

Joe Vail went to Danville to-day on
legal business.

Mrs. J. E. Long and daughter have
returned from Chicago.

Mrs. Hayes Buffington is in Ashville,
N. C., visiting relatives.

Frank Evans, of Indianapolis, is in
the city visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Needham have re-
turned from the World's Fair.

Mrs. M. E. Mills and Miss Edna Beck
left to-day for the World's Fair.

Miss Laura Millmough is quite ill at
her home on South Franklin street.

Mrs. James Lee and children left to-
day for Sullivan to visit relatives.

Mrs. J. M. Hoff and children went to
Monticello to-day to attend the fair.

Captain and Mrs. W. W. Foster de-
parted last night for the World's Fair.

Herbert Davis, of Newark, N. J., is in
the city visiting George E. Hines and
family.

Mrs. W. S. Smith and children left to-
day for Chicago to attend the World's
Fair.

Mrs. J. A. Lytle returned yesterday
from an extended visit with relatives in
Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Minnie, of Terre Haute arrived in
the city to-day to visit her daughter,
Mrs. F. M. Williams.

Will and Louis Weirmer, who are at
present in Chicago, are expected to ar-
rive in Decatur within several days to
visit relatives.

Miss Mollie Olor returned last even-
ing from Chicago, where she has been
visiting relatives and attending the fair
for five weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Barnes and Mr.
and Mrs. Herbert Davis, of Terre Haute,
left to-day for Chicago and the
World's Fair.

Frank Little and family, of Marshall,
Texas, are guests of Mrs. John McEvoy
at the National Hotel. Mr. Little is a pas-
senger engineer on the Texas Pacific
railroad and has been at the World's
Fair with his family.

The many friends of Hon. C. A. Ewing
will be glad to learn that he is
recovering from his recent severe attack
of typhoid fever. He is now able to get
about the house and take short walks on
the lawn.

D. T. B. Spalding and family have re-
turned to the A. G. Webster family at the
corner of North Main and North streets,
and are now located at 722 West Main
street, in the fine dwelling owned by
Mrs. T. T. Finley.

D. Buckner, of Warrensburg, left last
night for Chicago and the east. He will
go to Boston, thence to his old home at
Syracuse, where he will visit several
months. He will purchase a lot of fire
appliances while in Massachusetts.

Prof. J. N. Wilkinson, of the State
Normal School at Emporia, Kansas, is in
the city to-day, and called at the Re-
publican office to renew his subscription.
He visited the teachers' institute at the
High School building, where he held the
position as principal for a number of
years.

The Circuit Court.
This was the twenty-third day of the
June term of the circuit court, and Judge
Vail was on the bench for a short time.

John Boyd who was indicted with
Flora Hanley, in two cases, for arson,
was released. John has been in the
county jail for about six months, and
now secures his liberty on the belief by
the prosecution that he did not plan the
firing of the Todd property.

To Close Friday Afternoon.
Messrs. F. B. Mueller and O. E. Curtis
are calling on the local business to-day
asking them to close up for Friday, Sep-
tember 1st, and called at the Re-
publican office to renew his subscription.
They were quite successful and a
large number have signed their willing-
ness to comply with the request by sign-
ing their names to the list.

Special Meeting.
A special meeting of all members of
the Royal Arcanum will be held at the
hall of Cesar de Leon Lodge, K. P., to-
morrow (Saturday) evening, to meet with
the grand lodge officials.